

WEEK OF NOVEMBER 6, 2023

# Market Update

## **Quick Hits**

- 1. **Report releases:** The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) kept the federal funds rate at 5.5 percent.
- 2. Financial market data: Long-duration equities and stocks rallied heavily.
- 3. **Looking ahead:** This week's data should provide data on U.S. trade, the housing market, and consumer confidence.

## Report Releases: October 30-November 3, 2023

#### Conference Board Consumer Confidence Index October (Tuesday)

Consumer confidence fell less than expected, bringing the index to a five-month low. Consumer views on current conditions and future expectations soured during the month.

- Expected/prior month consumer confidence: 100.5/104.3
- Actual consumer confidence: 102.6



#### FOMC Rate Decision November (Wednesday)

As anticipated, the Federal Reserve (Fed) kept the federal funds rate unchanged at its November meeting. Fed chair Jerome Powell indicated in his post-meeting news conference that the central bank is expected to remain data dependent when setting monetary policy.

- Expected/prior federal funds rate: 5.5%/5.5%
- Actual federal funds rate: 5.5%



# **Employment Report** October

October (Friday) Hiring slowed, with the 150,000 jobs added during the month coming in below economist estimates for 180,000. The underlying data also showed signs that labor market strength is starting to fade; the unemployment rate rose and average hours worked fell.

- Expected/prior change in nonfarm payrolls: +180,000/+297,000
- Actual change in nonfarm payrolls: +150,000



#### ISM Services Index October (Friday)

Service sector confidence fell more than expected during the month, echoing a similar decline in manufacturing confidence. Although the index remains in expansionary territory, the drop in business confidence is worth monitoring because it could signal slowing business investment ahead.

- Expected/prior ISM Services index: 53/53.6
- Actual ISM Services index: 51.8



# >> The Takeaway

- The Fed kept rates unchanged, as was widely expected. The committee will remain data dependent in future meetings.
- Employment and ISM services were weaker than expected.

#### **Financial Market Data**

## **Equity**

Index	Week-to-Date	Month-to-Date	Year-to-Date	12-Month
S&P 500	5.88%	3.94%	15.05%	17.52%
Nasdaq Composite	6.62%	4.88%	29.64%	29.76%
DJIA	5.07%	3.05%	4.53%	7.38%
MSCI EAFE	4.43%	4.28%	7.13%	17.91%
MSCI Emerging Markets	3.12%	3.63%	1.42%	10.03%
Russell 2000	7.59%	5.94%	1.23%	-0.62%

Source: Bloomberg, as of November 3, 2023

Global markets posted a strong rally amid falling bond yields and the FOMC's decision to keep the federal funds rate steady at 5.5 percent. The S&P 500 closed the week above its 200-day moving average, which is seen as a support indicator for the index. Earnings continued to broadly beat expectations for the quarter (82 percent, per FactSet). This dynamic, coupled with falling bond yields, helped support areas of the market that have come under pressure, including real estate, financials, consumer discretionary, and technology.

#### **Fixed Income**

Index	Month-to-Date	Year-to-Date	12-Month
U.S. Broad Market	2.30%	-0.53%	3.04%
U.S. Treasury	1.86%	-0.90%	1.82%
U.S. Mortgages	3.05%	-1.36%	2.28%
Municipal Bond	1.84%	-0.42%	4.20%

Source: Bloomberg, as of November 3, 2023

The intermediate and long end of the yield curve declined in dramatic fashion as investors flocked to areas of the bond market that had previously sold off heavily. The 5- and 10-year Treasury yields fell 28.4 basis points (bps) and 28.9 bps, closing at 4.49 percent and 4.56 percent, respectively. The 30-year dropped 27.3 bps to 4.75 percent.

# >> The Takeaway

- Recently beaten down areas of the equity market, such as small-caps and real estate, rallied sharply.
- Intermediate and long-term bonds rallied sharply as the Fed paused rates for a second consecutive meeting, indicating it has made progress in battling inflation.

#### Market Update—November 6, 2023

# **Looking Ahead**

This week will be light on economic data. We expect data on trade, the housing market, and consumer confidence.

- The week kicks off Tuesday with **trade balance** and **consumer credit reports**. The trade balance is expected to drop from –\$58.3 billion in October to –\$60.5 billion. Consumer credit is expected to come in at \$10 billion, from a decline of \$15.6 billion in August.
- On Wednesday, **mortgage application data** will be released. Mortgage applications have fallen in 9 of the past 12 weeks.
- Finally, on Friday, we expect the release of the **University of Michigan consumer** sentiment survey. All eyes will be on the one-year inflation expectation, which was 4.2 percent in the previous report.





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Authored by the Investment Research team at Commonwealth Financial Network.®

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